

Trigeminal Neuralgia

(Affix patient identification label here)

URN:

Family Name:

Given Names:

Address:

Date of Birth:

Sex: M F

Facility:

A. INTERPRETER / CULTURAL NEEDS

- An Interpreter Service is required? Yes No
If Yes, is a qualified Interpreter present? Yes No
A Cultural Support Person is required? Yes No
If Yes, is a Cultural Support Person present? Yes No

B. CONDITION AND TREATMENT

The doctor has explained that you have the following condition: *(Doctor to document in patient's own words)*

.....
.....

This condition requires the following procedure. *(Doctor to document - include site and/or side where relevant to the procedure)*

.....
.....

The following will be performed:

Trigeminal Neuralgia is a disorder of the trigeminal nerve which causes episodes of intense pain in the face. A thin needle is passed into the skin of the cheek on the side of your face where the pain is. Using x-ray or a surgical navigation computer, the needle is then passed through the cheek, next to the mouth, and guided through the opening in the base of the skull to where all three branches of the trigeminal nerve come together. The Trigeminal nerve is then numbed by either using heat generated by an electric current or by an injection of Glycerol.

C. RISKS OF A TRIGEMINAL NEURALGIA

There are some risks/complications with this procedure/treatment/investigation.

Common risks include;

- Failure to adequately relieve the pain.
- Bleeding. Bleeding is more common if you have been taking blood thinning drugs such as Warfarin, Aspirin, Clopidogrel (Plavix or Iscover) or Dipyridamole (Persantin or Asasantin).

Uncommon risks include;

- Cranial nerve damage. This may result in loss of hearing, facial weakness & numbness, double vision, hoarse voice, difficulty swallowing &/or impaired tongue movements.
- Hydrocephalus. This may be temporary or permanent and may require a second operation.

- Brain fluid leakage can occur after the operation. This may require further surgery.
- Infection inside the brain. This will require further treatment.
- Weakness of chewing muscles on the effected side of your face. This is usually temporary.
- Heart attack. A heart attack because of the strain on the heart or a stroke.
- Clots in the leg (deep vein thrombosis or DVT) with pain and swelling. Rarely part of this clot may break off and go into the lungs.
- Small areas of the lung may collapse, increasing the risk of chest infection. This may need antibiotics and physiotherapy.
- Increase risk in obese people of wound infection, chest infection, heart and lung complications, and thrombosis.

Rare risks include;

- Bleeding inside the head or brain. This would require further surgery.
- Meningitis. This would require further treatment.
- Death is rare due to this procedure.

D. SIGNIFICANT RISKS AND PROCEDURE OPTIONS

(Doctor to document in space provided. Continue in Medical Record if necessary.)

.....
.....

E. RISKS OF NOT HAVING THIS PRCEDURE

(Doctor to document in space provided. Continue in Medical Record if necessary.)

.....
.....

F. ANAESTHETIC

This procedure require an anaesthetic. *(Doctor to document type of anaesthetic required)*

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.....

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G. PATIENT CONSENT

I acknowledge that the doctor has explained;

- my medical condition and the proposed procedure, including additional treatment if the doctor finds something unexpected. I understand the risks, including the risks that are specific to me.
- the anaesthetic required for this procedure/treatment. I understand the risks, including the risks that are specific to me.
- other relevant procedure/treatment options and their associated risks.
- my prognosis and the risks of not having the procedure/treatment.
- that no guarantee has been made that the procedure/treatment will improve my condition even though it has been carried out with due professional care.
- the procedure may include a blood transfusion.
- tissues and blood may be removed and could be used for diagnosis or management of my condition, stored and disposed of sensitively by the hospital.
- if immediate life-threatening events happen during the procedure, they will be treated accordingly.
- a doctor other than the Specialist Neurosurgeon may conduct the procedure. I understand this could be a doctor undergoing further training.

I have been given the following Patient Information Sheets;

- ◆ **About your Anaesthetic**
- ◆ **Trigeminal Neuralgia**
- I was able to ask questions and raise concerns with the doctor about my condition, the proposed procedure/treatment and its risks, and my treatment options. My questions and concerns have been discussed and answered to my satisfaction.
- I understand I have the right to change my mind at any time before the procedure/ treatment, including after I have signed this form but, preferably following a discussion with my doctor.

On the basis of the above statements,

I REQUEST TO HAVE THE PROCEDURE

Name of Patient/
Substitute decision
maker and relationship:

Signature:

Date:

Substitute Decision-Maker: Under the *Powers of Attorney Act 1998 and/or the Guardianship and Administration Act 2000*. If the patient is an adult and unable to give consent, an authorised decision-maker must give consent on the patient's behalf.

H. DOCTOR'S STATEMENT

I have explained to the patient all the above points under the Patient Consent section (G) and I am of the opinion that the patient/substitute decision-maker has understood the information.

Name of
Doctor:

Designation:

Signature:

Date:

Name of
Anaesthetist:

Designation:

Signature:

Date:

I. INTERPRETER'S STATEMENT

I have given a sight translation in

.....
(state the patient's language here) of the consent form and assisted in the provision of any verbal and written information given to the patient/parent or guardian/substitute decision-maker by the doctor.

Name of
Interpreter:

Signature:

Date: