	(Affix patient identification label here)
	URN:
	Family Name:
Insertion of Ventricular Shunt	Given Names:
	Address:
Facility:	Date of Birth: Sex: M F
A. INTERPRETER / CULTURAL NEEDS	have been taking blood thinning drugs such as
An Interpreter Service is required?	Warfarin, Asprin, Clopidogrel (Plavix or Iscover) or Dipyridamole (Persantin or Asasantin)
If Yes, is a qualified Interpreter present?	
A Cultural Support Person is required?	 The shunt may go into an unexpected position. This may require further surgery to re-position the
If Yes, is a Cultural Support Person present? Yes No	shunt.
B. CONDITION AND TREATMENT	 The shunt may become infected. This may require removal of the shunt.
The doctor has explained that you have the following condition: (Doctor to document in patient's own	 The shunt may block, become disconnected or malfunction. This may require further surgery.
words)	Abnormal sensations from the wound. This may
	be temporary or permanent.Fluid leakage from around the brain can occur
This condition requires the following procedure. (Doctor to document - include site and/or side where relevant to the procedure)	after the operation. This may require further surgery.
· · · ·	 Small areas of the lung may collapse, increasing the risk of chest infection. This may need
The following will be performed: Peritoneal Shunt	antibiotics and physiotherapy.
 Pleural Shunt Atrial Shunt 	 Increase risk in obese people of wound infection, chest infection, heart and lung complications, and thrombosis.
This procedure is performed to relieve pressure inside	Observe that the set of \mathbf{D} (\mathbf{T})
the skull caused by fluid on the brain. This fluid is drained from the ventricles of the brain into the	with pain and swelling. Rarely part of this clot may break off and go into the lungs.
abdominal/pleural cavity or atrium by the means of a	Extra specific risks of Pleural Shunt.
shunt. A shunt usually consists of two catheters and a one-way valve.	 Air in the lung (Pneumothorax). This would require further treatment.
A small cut is made in the scalp and a small hole is drilled into the skull beneath the cut. A small tube	 Collection of fluid within the lung. (Pleural effusion). This would require further treatment.
(catheter) is placed into the brain to drain the fluid.	Extra specific risks of Atrial Shunt.
Another cut is made either in the abdomen or chest. A second catheter is tunnelled under the skin, from behind the car, down the pack and chest, and ording	 Arrhythmias. This would require further treatment.
behind the ear, down the neck and chest, and ending a cavity.	Infection of the heart (Infective Carditis). This
The catheter from the abdomen and the catheter in	would require further treatment.Kidney infection (Glomerular nephritis). This
the brain are then connected by a valve. This valve controls the flow of fluid from the brain.	would require further treatment.
The valve will be sutured to stop it from moving. The	Rare risks include;
wounds will be closed with sutures.	 A heart attack because of the strain on the heart.
C. RISKS OF THIS PROCEDURE	 Stroke or stroke like complications can occur which can cause weakness in the face, arms and legs. This could be temporary or permanent.
There are some risks/complications with this procedure/treatment/investigation.	 Epilepsy which may require medication. This
Common risks include;	condition may be temporary or permanent.
 Infection. This may need antibiotics and further treatment. 	 Injury to the liver, bowel, lung or heart due to the tunnelling process. This may require further
 Minor pain, bruising and/or infection from IV cannula site. This may require treatment with antibiotics 	surgery and an increase in hospital stay.Death is rare due to this procedure.
 antibiotics. Bleeding. If bleeding occurs further surgery may be required. Bleeding is more common if you 	D. SIGNIFICANT RISKS AND PROCEDURE OPTIONS

05/2009 - DRAFT V1.0

	URN:
	Family Name:
Insertion of Ventricular Shunt	Given Names:
	Address:
Facility:	Date of Birth: Sex: M F
(Doctor to document in space provided. Continue in	Date of Birth: Sex: M F concerns have been discussed and answered to
Medical Record if necessary.)	my satisfaction.
	I understand I have the right to change my mind
	at any time before the procedure/ treatment/investigation, including after I have
E. RISKS OF NOT HAVING THIS PRCEDURE	signed this form but, preferably following a
(Doctor to document in space provided. Continue in	discussion with my doctor.
Medical Record if necessary.)	On the basis of the above statements,
	I REQUEST TO HAVE THE PROCEDURE Name of Patient/
F. ANAESTHETIC	Substitute decision maker and relationship:
(Doctor to document type of anaesthetic required)	
	Signature:
	Date:
G. PATIENT CONSENT	Substitute Decision-Maker: Under the Powers of Attorney Act 1998 and/or the Guardianship and Administration Act 2000. If the
I acknowledge that the doctor has explained;my medical condition and the proposed	patient is an adult and unable to give consent, an authorised decision-maker must give consent on the patient's behalf.
 my medical condition and the proposed procedure/treatment/investigations, including 	decision-maker must give consent on the patient's behan.
additional treatment if the doctor finds something	H. DOCTOR'S STATEMENT
unexpected. I understand the risks, including the risks that are specific to me.	I have explained to the patient all the above points
 the anaesthetic required for this 	under the Patient Consent section (G) and I am of
procedure/treatment. I understand the risks,	the opinion that the patient/substitute decision-
including the risks that are specific to me.	maker has understood the information. Name of
 other relevant procedure/treatment options and their associated risks. 	Name of Doctor:
 my prognosis and the risks of not having the procedure/treatment. 	Designation:
 that no guarantee has been made that the 	Signature:
procedure/treatment will improve my condition even though it has been carried out with due	Date: Name of
professional care.	Anaesthetist:
• the procedure may include a blood transfusion.	Designation:
tissues and blood may be removed and could be	
used for diagnosis or management of my condition, stored and disposed of sensitively by	
the hospital.	Date:
if immediate life-threatening events happen	I. INTERPRETER'S STATEMENT
during the procedure, they will be treated accordingly.	I have given a sight translation in
 a doctor other than the Specialist Neurosurgeon may conduct the procedure. I understand this 	(state the patient's language here) of the consent
could be a doctor undergoing further training.	form and assisted in the provision of any verbal and
I have been given the following Patient Information	written information given to the patient/parent or
Sheets;	guardian/substitute decision-maker by the doctor.
□ About your Anaesthetic	Interpreter:
□ Insertion of Ventricular Shunt	Signature:
 I was able to ask questions and raise concerns with the doctor about my condition, the proposed 	Date:
procedure/treatment/ investigations and its risks,	
and my treatment options. My questions and	
Page 2 of 2	

(Affix patient identification label here)